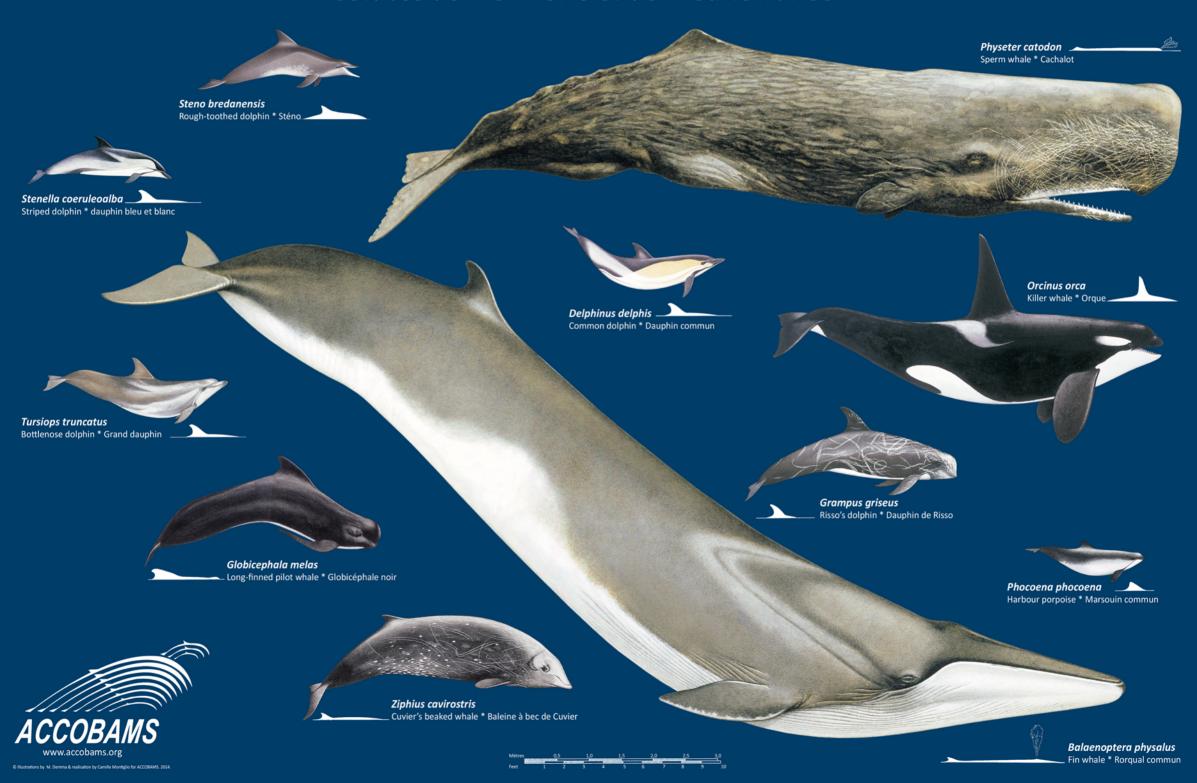
Cetaceans of the Black and Mediterranean Seas

Cétacés de mer Noire et de Méditerranée



Latin Name	Arabic	English	French	Russian	Spanish	Threats
Balaenoptera acutorostrata	هر کول صنغیر	Minke whale	Petit rorqual	Малый полосатик	Rorcual aliblanco	
Balaenoptera physalus	هركول شائع	Fin whale	Rorqual commun	Финвал	Rorcual común	3. TAXON
Delphinus delphis	دلفین شائع	Common dolphin	Dauphin commun	Белобочка	Delfín común	る事なるの
Globicephala melas	كروي الرأس الشائع	Long finned pilot whale	Globicéphale commun	Гринда	Calderón común	4 %
Grampus griseus	غرامنوس	Risso's dolphin	Dauphin de Risso	Серый дельфин	Calderón gris	画名之
Orcinus orca	أركة	Orca	Orque	Косатка	Orca	
Phocœna phocœna	خنزير البحرالشائع	Harbour porpoise	Marsouin commun	Обыкновенная морская свинья	Marsopa común	
Physeter macrocephalus	حوت العنبر	Sperm whale	Cachalot	Кашалот	Cachalote	画る示人
Pseudorca crassidens	أركة مزيفة	False killer whale	Faux orque	Малая косатка	Falsa orca	
Stenella cœruleoalba	دلفين أزرق وأبيض	Striped dolphin	Dauphin bleu et blanc	Полосатый продельфин	Delfín listado	发 点 之 多
Steno bredanensis	ستينو	Rough toothed dolphin	Sténo	Гребнезубый дельфин		
Tursiops truncatus	دلفین کبیر	Bottlenose dolphin	Grand dauphin	Афалина	Delfín mular	《州南北省》
Ziphius cavirostris	زيفيوس	Cuvier's beaked whale	Ziphius	Кювьеров клюворыл	Ballenato de Cuvier	%.





Collisions Acoustic pollution Toxic substances Reduced prey sources Accidental capture in nets Direct human disturbance









Competition with small-scale fisheries

The Agreement on the Conservation of Cetaceans of the Black Sea, Mediterranean Sea and contiguous Atlantic area (ACCOBAMS) is a legal conservation tool based on cooperation.

Its purpose is to reduce threats to cetaceans notably by improving current knowledge on these animals.

This intergovernmental Agreement provides the demonstration of the commitment of riparian Countries to preserve all species of cetaceans and their habitats within the geographical Agreement area by the enforcement of more stringent measures than those defined in the texts adopted previously.

Given the migratory characteristics of these species, the Agreement was established under the auspices of the Bonn Convention (UNEP/CMS).

ACCOBAMS was signed on November 24th, 1996 and entered into force on June 1st, 2001.



ACCOBAMS collaborates with other relevant International Organizations addressing biodiversity conservation as well as interaction with fisheries, marine litter, anthropogenic noise and maritime traffic issues.







